



BULLETIN OF THE INSURANCE MARKET PERFORMANCE

**THE RESEARCH & STATISTICS DEPARTMENT
SYNOPSIS OF THE INSURANCE MARKET
IN FIRST QUARTER, 2026**

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Introduction

Statistics from the Nigerian Insurance market in the first quarter of 2026 has revealed a sustained positive performance indicating yet, its ability to adapt and grow despite the prevailing macroeconomic challenges. It recorded a notable growth in premium generation of about nine hundred and thirty - one (N931.0) billion naira, representing an increase of 21.0 per cent, year-on-year (YoY) and, reflective of the sustained regulatory market deepening measures in the sector.

1.1 Gross Premium Written - Performance

The industry recorded a gross premium written of N931.0 billion for both life and non-life businesses during the quarter, the highest ever premium generation in the first quarter period of any year. This is also an indication of the fulfilling potential of the market that has come of age, as the insurance industry looks towards technology and the big-data driven policies for expansion.

Table 1 provides a snapshot of the distribution of insurance premiums across the various classes of business within the market during the period under review.

Table 1: Gross Premium Written: Non-Life & Life Businesses: Q1, 2026

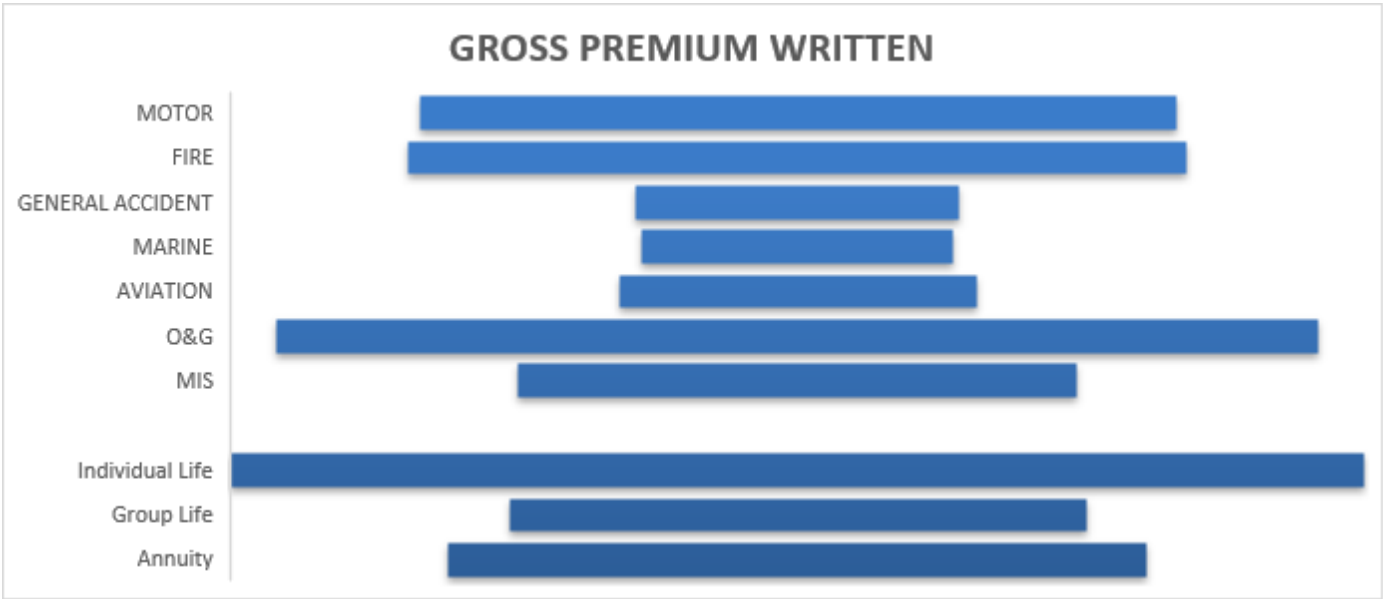
Currency: Millions

Variable	Motor	Fire	Gen. Accident	Marine	Aviation	Oil &Gas	Misc.	Life Business	Market Aggregate
Gross Premium Written	107.7	110.8	45.9	44.5	50.9	148.5	79.8	343.0	931.0
Net Premium	62.5	29.5	19.1	12.6	3.2	14.4	51.9	145.5	338.8

Data collected during the period indicates a growth rate of 21.0%, marking a substantial increase even at a period when the national output is still growing in a single digit.

Chart 1 further illustrates the relative contribution of each class of business to the basket for both Life and Non-Life insurances during the period.

Chart1: Gross Premium Written by Class - Non-Life & Life Business: Q1, 2026

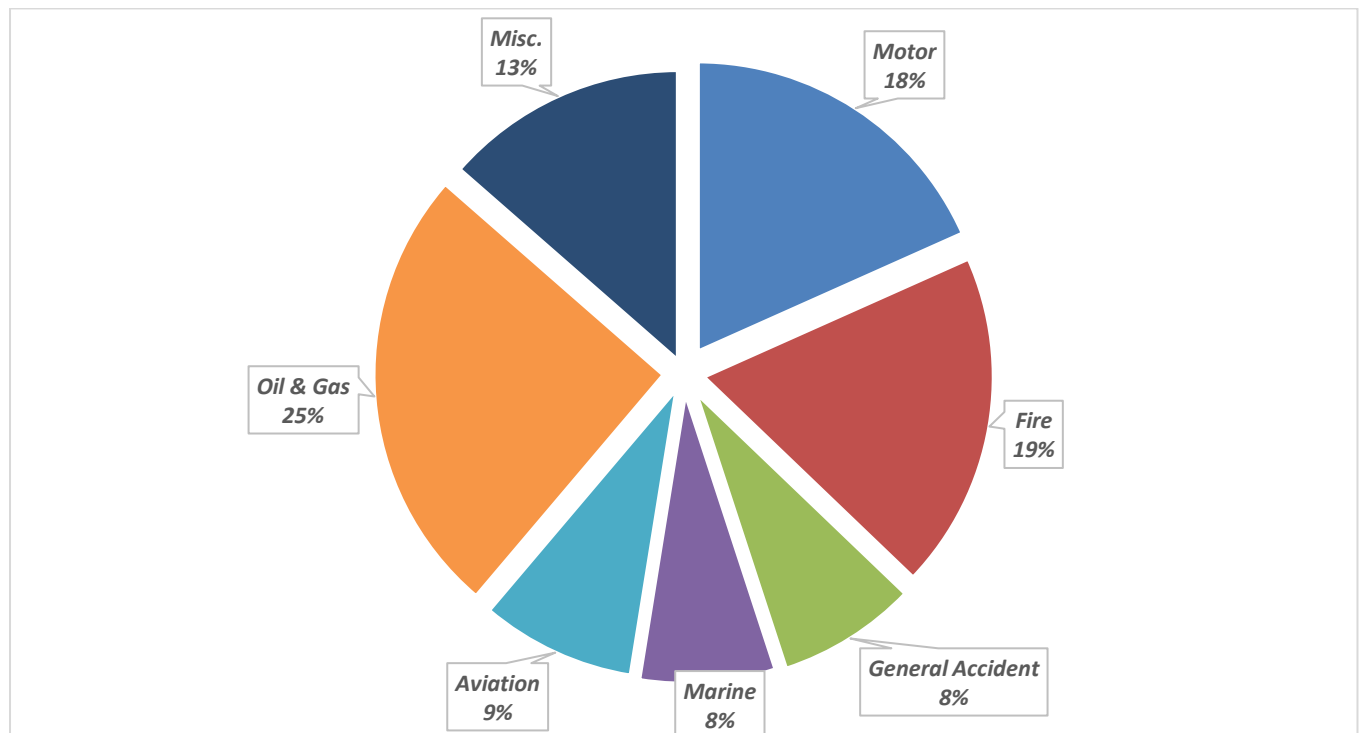


The non-life segment retained its relative dominance in the market, contributing 63,2% to the total premium pool, mirroring its performance in the corresponding quarter of 2025. On the other hand, the life Insurance segment accounted for 36.8% of all the premiums generated during the same period.

Insights into the non-life segment indicate that the Oil & Gas portfolio remained the major contributor, accounting for 25.2% of the total non-life premiums during the quarter. This was followed by Fire Insurance with 18.8% and Motor Insurance at 18.3%. Meanwhile, Miscellaneous, Aviation, General Accident and Marine portfolios contributed 13.6%, 8.7%, 7.8% and 7.6% respectively.

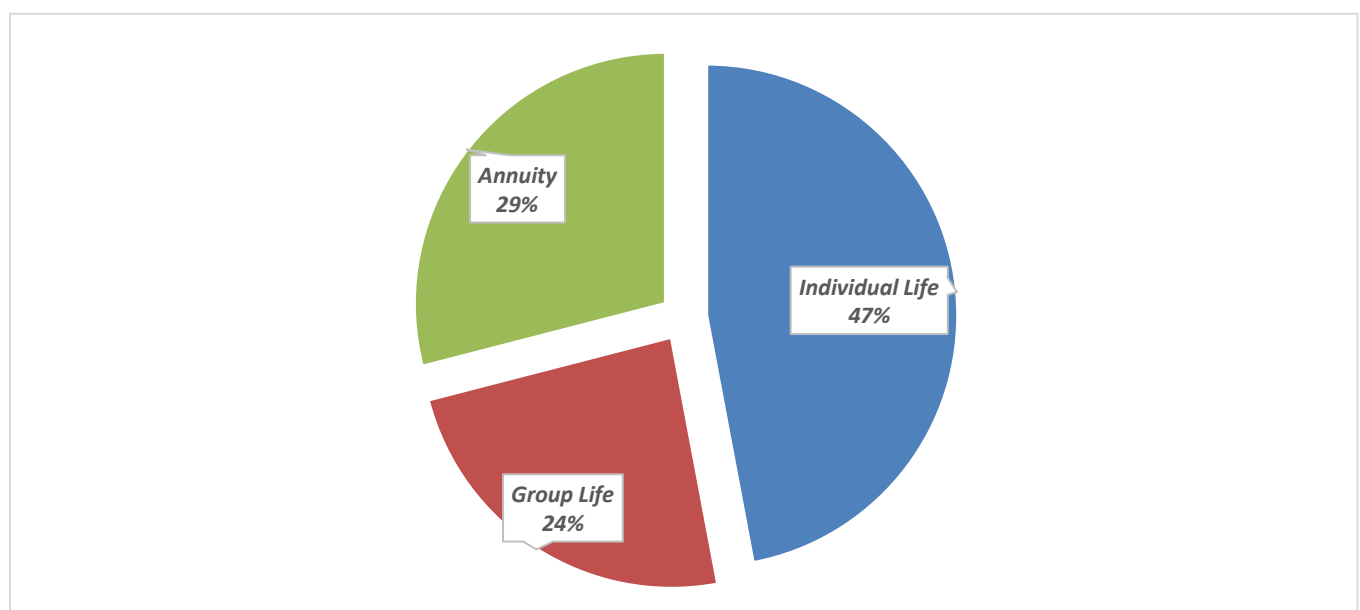
Chart 2 illustrates the distribution of gross premiums written, highlighting the relative market share of each business line within the non-life business during the review period.

Chart 2: Distribution of Gross Premium Written - Non-Life



Analysis of the Life Insurance business which accounted for 36.8% of the total premiums shows that Individual Life contributed 47%, Annuity business 29%, and 24% of the premium was attributable to Group Life business during the quarter. This is further described by Chart 3 herein.

Chart 3: Contribution of Gross Premium Written - Life

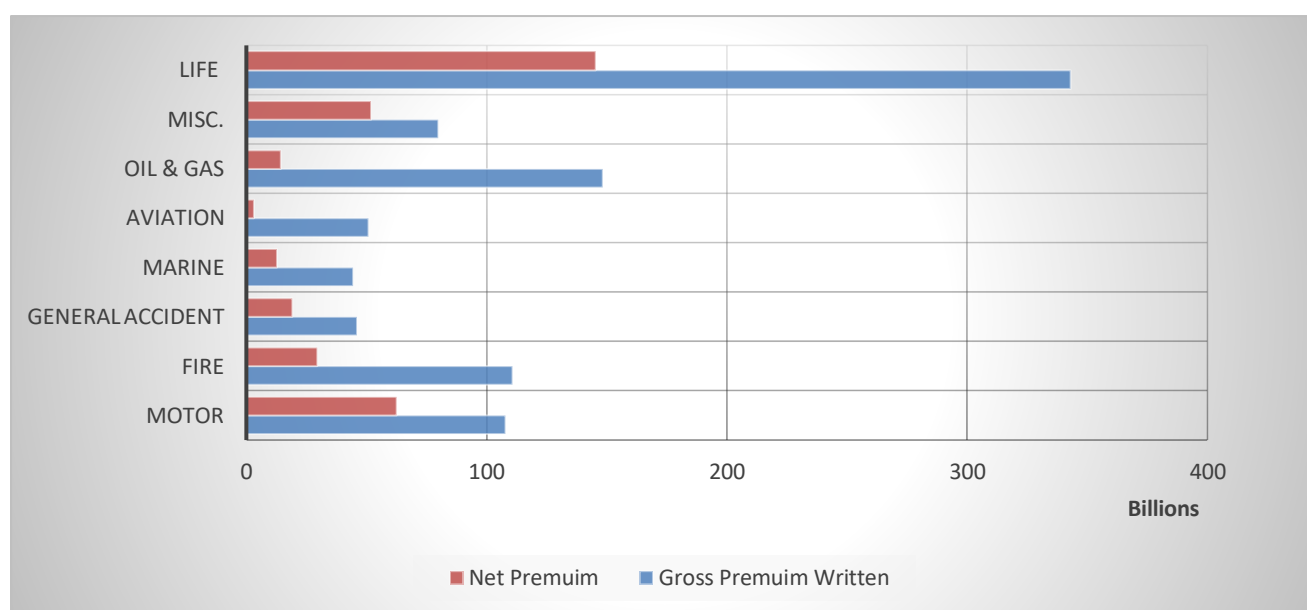


1.2 Premium Retention Capacity

An insurer's level of risk retention is typically dependent on its risk appetite as determined by its financial capacity and evaluation of the given business. Notably during the first quarter, the industry exhibited strong confidence by retaining a significant share of risks within their portfolios in spite the operational challenges posed by economic reforms. The industry recorded a market average retention ratio of 61.1%, suggestive of strong market confidence and sound financial standing, especially in the Life business, which stood at 89.9%. In the non-life segment, the proportional retention was comparatively lower owing to the effect of the special risks portfolios thereby it was recorded at about 51.1% precisely.

Chart 4 illustrates the relative retention of various classes of Insurance business during the period under review.

Chart 4: Relative Premium Retention - Q1, 2026



Analytical insight into the performance by various classes in the non-life business of the market as revealed in Table 2 shows that Motor, General Accident and Miscellaneous classes stood at above average positions. Fire, Marine, Aviation and Oil & Gas business on the other hand were recorded at below average, and as typical the Oil & Gas sector reported the least retention ratio owing to inadequate carriage capacity of that business in the Nigeria market.

Table 2: Retention Ratios of Various Classes of Non-Life & Life Businesses - Q1, 2026

Variable	Motor	Fire	Gen. Accident	Marine	Aviation	Oil & Gas	Misc.	Life Busines s	Market Average
Retention Percentage	93.8	43.5	64.3	42.2	32.0	13.8	74.4	94.1	68.1

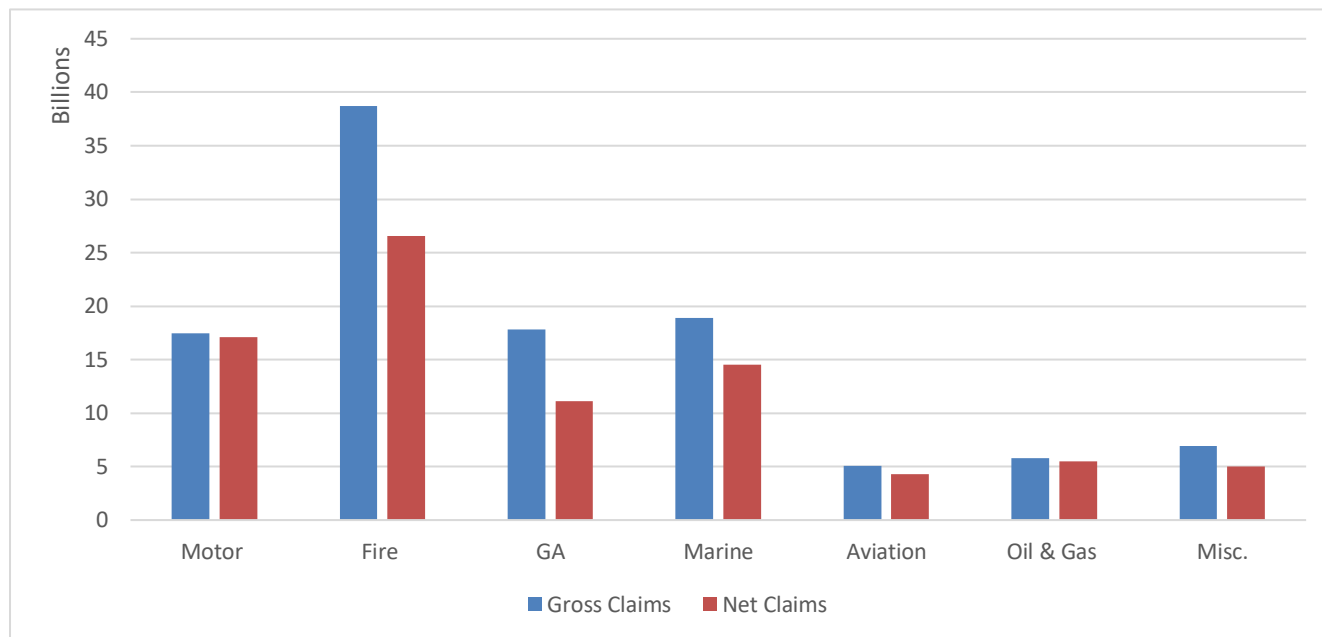
2. Insurance Claims Component

The effects of increased public awareness, growing confidence of stakeholders with regards claims settlement and redress mechanism are seen reflected in the volume of gross claims reported during the first quarter of 2026. The total claims reported during the period stood at N179.2billion. The total claims reported signifies just about nineteen per cent (19.2%) of all the premiums generated during the period.

During the period the Life Insurance section recorded a notable claims settlement ratio of 98.4% while the non-life segment achieved a slightly lower rate of 76.0% of the total claims reported during the period under review. The aggregate Net claims paid for both life and non-life insurances also stood at N151.6billion, signifying 44.8% of all the claims reported during the period with the Life segment of the market reporting about 46.4 per cent while the non-life segment recorded 43.5 per cent. The proportion of net claims settlement against reported claims in the market was moderately lower owing to issues of incomplete or delayed documentation of claims reports.

Chart 5 presents the industry's gross and net claims reported and paid in the non-life insurance market.

Chart 5: Comparative Sequence of Gross and Net Claims for Non-Life: Q1, 2026



The pattern of percentage claims settlement, as illustrated in Chart 5, indicates that for most classes of insurance, the gross claims reported are not relatively too different from the net claims paid. During the period under review, Motor Insurance recorded the highest settlement ratio in the non-life segment of the market at (98.2%), followed by Oil & Gas (94.5%), Aviation (84.5%), Marine (76.9%), Miscellaneous (72.5%), Fire (68.6%), and the least ratio is General & Accident business at (62.3%).

Table 3 provides the volume of Gross and Net claims recorded in billions of Naira for all classes of business during the period.

Table 3: Gross and Net Claims recorded for Non Life & Life Businesses - Q1, 2026

Currency: ₦ Billions

Variables	Motor	Fire	Gen. Accident	Marine	Aviation	Oil & Gas	Misc.	Life Business	Market Aggregate
Gross Claims	17.4	38.7	17.8	18.9	5.1	5.8	6.9	68.6	179.2
Net Claims	17.1	26.6	11.1	14.5	4.3	5.5	5.0	67.5	151.6

3. Profitability of the Sector

The net loss ratio as critical measure of underwriting quality represents the proportion of net claims incurred relative to net premiums earned. It also serves as a key indicator of profitability and risk management efficacy in the insurance industry. During the first quarter of 2026, the market average of the net loss ratio stood at 44.8%, posting a decline from 36.7% recorded in the corresponding period of the preceding year.

A breakdown of the figures reveals that the life business recorded a higher net loss ratio of 46.4%, indicating a relatively more claims intensive environment. Comparatively, the position of the Non-Life Insurance business was slightly better with a net loss ratio of 43.5%, reflecting strong profitability.

In the overall analysis, the results indicate a stable and improving underwriting landscape as loss ratios remain within sustainable thresholds while posing a positive industry outlook, typical of a resilient and risk management conscious industry. Nonetheless, despite a rather good scenario of the market average, some twenty-four Insurers gave rise to the reported net loss ratio during the period under review. Those were underwriters with figures of a hundred per cent or above net loss ratios, classified by the type of company as illustrated in table 4.

Table 4 provides insight into the number of Insurers with highest loss ratios, at least 100% or greater during the period.

Table 4: Loss Ratios above hundred percentiles for Insurers in Q1, 2026

Composite	Non-Life	Life	Reinsurance	Total
9	6	8	1	24

4. Market Concentration Risk

The market concentration exposure for both Life and Non-Life segments has largely remained the same compared to the position recorded during the prior year in which it remained more pronounced in life business relative to non-life. In the Life business segment, top three institutions control about fifty -five per cent (55.4%) of the total Life premiums written, compared to 47.0% recorded in the corresponding period of the preceding year while 87.0% of the market was contributed by the top ten of the operators in that business. However, in the non-life, the top three players accounted for about thirty-five (35.1%) of all the written premiums during the quarter as 67.7% of that corner of the market was controlled by the top ten Insurers operating in non-life businesses.

More so, the least ten operators in the life insurance segment contributed 0.4% of the premiums written during the period while the non-life reported about 0.8% of market share for the least ten underwriters in the section. Nonetheless, it is worthy to note that at the least bottom, are mostly institutions under regulatory order or facing various operational challenges over time. In the overall analysis, the market has fairly sustained a lower risk with respect to over-concentration, especially in the non-life section of the industry.

5. The Market Size

The insurance sector recorded total assets of about N5.4 trillion in the first quarter, representing a 29.1% increase compared to the N4.2 trillion reported in the corresponding period of 2025. A breakdown of the industry’s financial position revealed a total of N2,741.1 billion in assets for non-life business while the Life business stood at N2,636.5 billion.

Table 5 provides insight into the Insurance industry Market size for Q1, 2026.

Table 5: Total Assets in Billions of Naira - Q1, 2026

Insurance Business	N Billion
Non-Life Insurance Business	2,741.1
Life Insurance Business	2,636.5
Industry Total	5,377.6

From the market statistical insights of the first quarter 2026, it is apparent that the insurance industry has demonstrated growth, profitability and resilience amidst operational and macroeconomic challenges. Furthermore, in cognizance of the ongoing regulatory initiatives including sector-wide digitization, risk-based supervision among other measures, the industry outlook could be adjudged as decidedly positive.

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First Quarter, 2026